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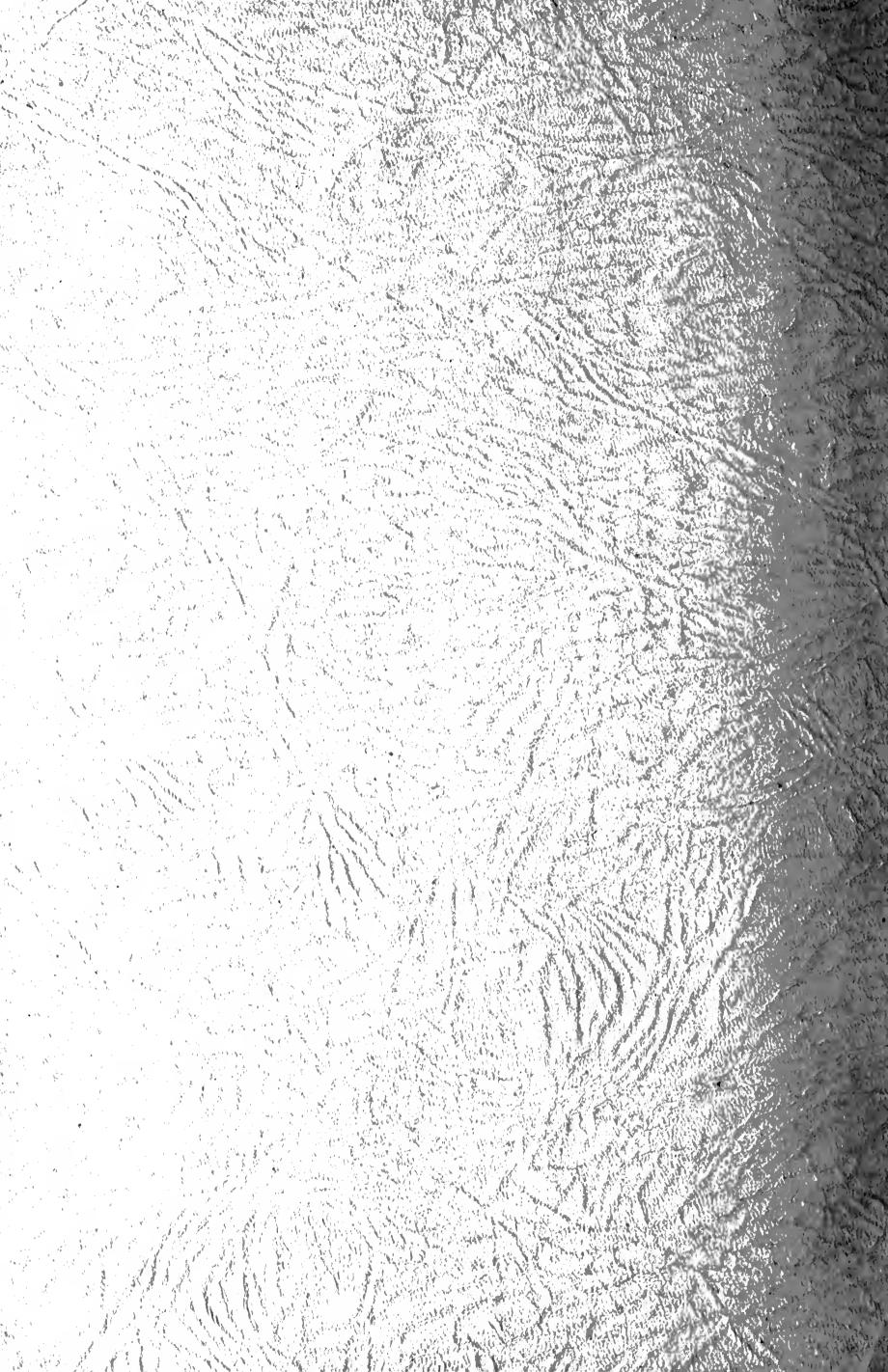




# The Chas. G. Curtis Co Nurserymen and Collectors

1935

Callicoon New York



# 32nd Annual CATALOGUE

of

# The CHAS. G. CURTIS CO.

CHARLES G. CURTIS ELIZABETH M. CURTIS

VALLEAU C. CURTIS EDITH HELEN CURTIS

Nurserymen and Collectors

S

CALLICOON, NEW YORK

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Typical Scene In Our Nurseries (Hedge Type Trees)

The Hemlock Tree has been described so many times in historical writings, as well as in more recent landscape books as "the most beautiful of our American trees." Some may take issue with this statement. However, it is universally agreed that it has an abundance of uses in landscape design and blends more perfectly in a planting plan than any of our other native evergreens.

Conditions of climate and soil here are perfect for the very best development of the Hemlock. We have been growing them from seed and seedlings for twenty years—making a special study of their particular requirements and their response to shearing.

We ask you that you take advantage of our unsurpassed experience with Hemlocks and give us an opportunity to bid and advise you on your requirements.

# CANADA HEMLOCK

Canada Hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*) is an ideal tree for many purposes. We have classified our nursery grown Hemlocks into three tree types, each for a particular use as shown below.

When placing your orders for Hemlocks, if you will state the type of tree desired, we can assure you of complete



Specimen

The Specimen type is the very heaviest sheared tree that can be grown. It may have a double or single leader. This is a perfect tree.



Naturalistic

The Naturalistic types of tree are those that are symmetrical, well branched on all sides, open foliaged and a single



The Hedge types of trees are those

trees generally cylindrical in shape and unusually heavy near the top.

# Nursery Grown CANADA HEMLOCK

(Tsuga canadensis)

|                      | Natura | LISTIC TYPE | Hedge & S | SPECIMEN TYPES |
|----------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|----------------|
|                      | Each   | Per 100     | Each      | Per 100        |
| 18" to 24" B&B XX    | \$ .60 | \$50.00     | \$ .60    | \$ 50.00       |
| 2 to 3 ft. B&B XXX   | 1.00   | 85.00       | 1.25      | 100.00         |
| 3 to 4 ft. B&B XXX   | 1.90   | 150.00      | 2.70      | 250.00         |
| 4 to 5 ft. B&B XXX   | 3.25   | 300.00      | 4.60      | 425.00         |
| 5 to 6 ft. B&B XXX   | 4.40   | 400.00      | 6.50      | 600.00         |
| 6 to 7 ft. B&B XXX   | 7.25   | 675.00      | 9.00      | 800.00         |
| 7 to 8 ft. B&B XXX   | 10.00  | 900.00      | 12.50     | 1050.00        |
| 8 to 9 ft. B&B XXX   | 15.00  | 1250.00     | 16.50     | 1500.00        |
| 9 to 10 ft. B&B XXX  |        |             | 20.00     |                |
| 10 to 11 ft. B&B XXX |        |             | 27.50     |                |

#### SEEDLINGS FOR LINING OUT

|    |    |    |        |    | Per 100 | 00 |
|----|----|----|--------|----|---------|----|
| 6  | to | 8  | inches | X  | \$ 75.0 | 00 |
| 10 | to | 14 | inches | X  |         | 00 |
| 12 | to | 18 | inches | XX |         | 00 |

X indicates once transplanted; XX indicates twice transplanted; XXX indicates three or more times transplanted.

SEE PAGE 14 FOR SCALE OF DIMENSIONS FOR THE DIFFERENT HEMLOCK TREE TYPES.

Write for our Hemlock booklet for further information on selecting and planting to the best advantage.

#### **COLLECTED HEMLOCKS**

We can quote you on Collected Hemlocks from 2 to 20 ft. high. Tsuga canadensis (Canada Hemlock)

## COLLECTED SEEDLINGS

| 4— 8 inches | \$18.75 | per 1000 |
|-------------|---------|----------|
| 8—12 inches | 37.50   | per 1000 |

## FROM OUR NURSERIES

|  | Each In<br>Quantity Lots |
|--|--------------------------|
| AZALEA nudiflora (Pinkster) B&B                          |                          |
| 16" to 24" X Heavy Clumps                                | \$ 1.00                  |
| CORNUS stolonifera (Red Osier) B&B                       |                          |
| 5—6 ft. X Heavy Clumps                                   | 1.25                     |
| KALMIA latifolia (Mountain Laurel) B&B                   |                          |
| 18—24 in. X Heavy Clumps                                 | 1.25                     |
| See Collected Kalmia on Page 8                           | 1.27                     |
| PICEA pungens (Colorado Spruce) B&B                      |                          |
| 12 to 18 in. XX  | .35                      |
|  |                          |
| PICEA canadensis (White Spruce) B&B                      |                          |
| $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. XX              | .60                      |
| PICEA excelsa (Norway Spruce) B&B                        |                          |
| 3 to 4 ft. XX  | .60                      |
| 4 to 6 ft. XX  | 1.25                     |
|  | 1.27                     |
| Pieris floribunda (Mountain Andromeda) B&B               |                          |
| 12" x 12" X  |                          |
| 18" x 18" X  | 2.50                     |
| PINUS nigra (Austrian Pine) B&B                          |                          |
| 2 to 3 ft. X   | 1.00                     |
|  |                          |
| PINUS strobus (White Pine) B&B                           |                          |
| 6 to 7 ft. XX  |                          |
| 7 to 8 ft. XX  |                          |
| 8 to 9 ft. XX  |                          |
| 9 to 10 ft. XX   | 15.00                    |
| RHODODENDRON catawbiense (Catawba Rhododendron) B&B      |                          |
| 16" to 24" X   | 2.50                     |
| $24^{\prime\prime\prime}$ to $30^{\prime\prime\prime}$ X |                          |
| 30" to 36" X   | 4.40                     |
| RHODODENDRON maximum (Great Laurel) B&B                  |                          |
| 12" to 24" X   | 1.25                     |
| See Collected Rhododendron on Page 7                     |                          |

# RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM



Typical 3-foot Rhododendron Maximum

(Cut Back Plants)

We own over 300 acres of Rhododendron maximum that been have grown from cut-back roots. As the new sprouts from these roots develop, we carry on a system of thinning and root - pruning which produces plants that could be termed semi-nursery grown. They are very much superior to the average collected plants.

# RHODODENDRON maximum (Great Laurel) 1-A 2-A

|   | 1-A                           | 2-A         | 3-A           |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
|   |                               | Specially   | Extra Heavy   |
|   | Standa                        | rd Selected | Specimens B&B |
|   | Each                          | Each        | Each          |
|   | 1—2 ft \$ .50                 | \$ .88      |               |
|   | 2—3 ft                        | 1.12        | \$ 2.50       |
|   | 3—4 ft 1.00                   | 1.88        | 4.37          |
|   | 4—5 ft 1.56                   | 3.12        | 6.25          |
|   | 5—6 ft 2.50                   | 4.37        | 8.75          |
|   | 6—7 ft 3.75                   | 6.87        | 12.50         |
|   | 2—4 ft. mixed sizes           | }           |               |
|   | 2—5 ft. mixed sizes 1.00      | )           |               |
|   | 5—8 ft. mixed sizes 3.75      |             |               |
| A | $C_1 = 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1$ | . 1 1 .     | 1             |

1-A—Standard plants have at least 8 stems or a head structure equal to an 8 stem plant of height stated.

2-A—Specially selected plants might truthfully be called light specimens. They have at least 12 stems or a head structure equal to a 12 stem plant of the height stated.

3-A—Extra Heavy Specimen plants are the very best and heaviest plants that we have.

Burlapping on "standard" plants extra as follows: 1—4 ft. \$ .10; 4—6 ft. \$ .20; 6—8 ft. \$ .25.

# SEEDLINGS

| KHODODENDRON I | naximum (Great Laurei) |         |     |      |
|----------------|------------------------|---------|-----|------|
| 3— 6 inches    |                        | \$31.25 | per | 1000 |
| 6—12 inches    |                        | 50.00   | per | 1000 |

# KALMIA LATIFOLIA

(From Field Grown Seedlings)

This Kalmia is collected from open fields where they have developed into bushy plants. We have thousands of such plants.

This climate gives Kalmia the severe winter test, consequently, those grown in this locality are very hardy.



KALMIA latifolia (Mountain Laurel)

|          | CAL CARC   LIACIPIED | WITH LIGHT C |           |               |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
|          | ·                    | 1-A          | 2-A       | 3-A           |
|          |                      |              | Specially | Extra Heavy   |
|          |                      | Standard     | Selected  | Specimens B&B |
|          |                      | Each         | Each      | Each          |
| 1— 2 ft. |                      | \$ .50       | \$ .88    |               |
| 2— 3 ft. |                      | 62           | 1.12      | 2.50          |
| 3— 4 ft. |                      | 1.00         | 1.88      | 4.37          |
| 4— 5 ft. |                      | . 1.56       | 3.12      | 6.25          |
| 5— 6 ft. |                      | 2.81         | 4.37      | 10.00         |
| 6— 8 ft. |                      | •            |           | 25.00         |
| 8—10 ft. |                      |              |           | 62.50         |
| 1— 4 ft. | mixed sizes          | 81           |           |               |

1-A—Standard plants have at least 8 stems or a head structure equal to an 8 stem plant of height stated.

2-A—Specially selected plants might truthfully be called light specimens. They have at least 12 stems or a head structure equal to a 12 stem plant of the height stated.

3-A—Extra Heavy Specimen plants are the very best and heaviest plants that we have.

Burlapping on "standard" plants extra as follows: 1—4 ft. \$ .10; 4—6 ft. \$ .20; 6—8 ft. \$ .25.

#### **SEEDLINGS**

KALMIA latifolia (Mountain Laurel)
3—6 inches .....\$31.25 per 1000

## AZALEA NUDIFLORA AND ROSEA

(Collected)

We list the Azalea nudiflora and rosea under the same head. This is due to the unusual similarity of these plants in their dormant state, and also the fact that they seem to have crossed in this section of the country. A mixture of these two species gives quite an extended period of bloom.

| AZALEA nudiflora and rosea (Pinkster) | Each   | Per 100  |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----------|
| 1— 2 ft                               | \$ .56 | \$ 37.50 |
| 2— 3 ft                               | .75    | 56.00    |
| 3— 4 ft                               | .88    | 68.75    |
| 4— 5 ft                               | 1.12   | 81.25    |
| 5— 6 ft                               | 1.37   | 100.00   |
| 6— 8 ft                               | 1.88   | 156.00   |
| 2— 6 ft. mixed sizes                  |        | 75.00    |

# OTHER DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS

These collected deciduous trees and shrubs are dug from the forests and open fields in this immediate locality.

We specialize in unusually heavy, specimen clumps of Cornus paniculata, Hamamelis, Ilex and Vaccinium.

| BETULA lutea (Yellow Birch)          | Each         | Per 100  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| 2— 4 ft                              | \$ .25       | \$ 12.50 |
| 4— 6 ft                              | .44          | 25.00    |
| 6— 8 ft                              | .63          | 43.75    |
| 8—10 ft                              | .81          | 62.50    |
| 10—12 ft                             | 1.25         | 93.75    |
| 12—14 ft                             | 1.88         | 125.00   |
| BETULA popufolia (Gray Birch)        |              |          |
| 6— 8 ft                              | 1.12         | 93.75    |
| 8—10 ft                              | 2.19         | 187.50   |
| 10—12 ft                             | 5.62         | 500.00   |
| 12—14 ft                             | 11.25        | 1000.00  |
| CEANOTHUS americana (New Jersey Te   | a, Red Root) |          |
| 1— 3 ft                              | .45          | 25.00    |
| COMPTONIA asplenifolia (Sweetfern)   |              |          |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ —4 ft                 | .25          | 12.50    |
| CORNUS circinata (rugosa) (Roundleaf | Dogwood)     |          |
| 2— 6 ft                              | .44          | 31.25    |
| CORNUS paniculata (Gray Dogwood)     |              |          |
| 3— 4 ft. (Clumps)                    | .44          | 31.25    |
| 4— 6 ft. (Clumps)                    | .63          | 50.00    |
|                                      |              |          |

| Cornus stolonifera (Red Osier Dogwood) 2— 6 ft   | Each<br>\$ .45                     | Per 100<br>\$ 25.00                |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CORYLUS rostrata (Beaked Hazelnut) 2— 4 ft. (Clumps) 4— 6 ft. (Clumps)   | .56<br>.69                         | 37.50<br>50.00                     |
| HAMAMELIS virginiana (Common Witch H 2— 4 ft. (Heavy Clumps) 4— 6 ft. (Heavy Clumps) 6— 8 ft. (Heavy Clumps) Mixed sizes, 2—8 ft   | .94<br>1.12<br>1.75                | 62.50<br>93.75<br>125.00<br>100.00 |
| ILEX monticola (Mountain Winterberry)  2— 4 ft. (Clumps)  4— 6 ft. (Clumps)  6— 8 ft. (Clumps)   | .88<br>1.25<br>1.88                | 62.50<br>93.75<br>125.00           |
| Lyonia ligustrina ( <i>He-Huckleberry</i> ) 2— 4 ft. (heavy clumps) 4— 6 ft. (heavy clumps)  | .44<br>.56                         | 31.25<br>43.75                     |
| NEMOPANTHUS mucronata (Mountain Hold<br>2— 5 ft. (clumps)<br>5— 8 ft. (clumps)<br>8—10 ft. (clumps)  | .50<br>1.00<br>1.87                | 37.50<br>75.00<br>125.00           |
| Prunus virginiana ( <i>Chokecherry</i> ) 4— 6 ft. (clumps) 6— 8 ft. (clumps)   | .50<br>.94                         | 37.50<br>75.00                     |
| SPIRAEA alba ( <i>White Spiraea</i> ) 1— 3 ft. (heavy clumps)  | .25                                | 18.75                              |
| SPIRAEA tomentosa (Hardhack)  1— 3 ft  | .25                                | 18.75                              |
| VACCINIUM corymbosum (Highbush Bluebe<br>2— 3 ft. (extra heavy clumps)<br>3— 4 ft. (extra heavy clumps)<br>4— 5 ft. (extra heavy clumps)<br>5— 6 ft. (extra heavy clumps)<br>6— 8 ft. (specimen) | .63<br>.81<br>1.19<br>1.75<br>6.25 | 50.00<br>62.50<br>100.00<br>156.25 |
| VACCINIUM pennsylvanicum (Lowbush Blue 6—12 inches (clumps)  | eberry <b>)</b><br>.19             | 15.00                              |
| VACCINIUM stamineum (Deerberry) 2— 3 ft. (heavy clumps) 3— 4 ft. (heavy clumps)  | .75<br>.94                         | 40.00<br>75.00                     |
| VIBURNUM acerfolium (Mapleleaf Viburnu) 2— 4 ft  | m)<br>.38                          | 25.00                              |

| VIBURNUM alnifolium (Hobblebush) | Each | Per 100 |
|----------------------------------|------|---------|
| 2— 4 ft. (clumps)                | .25  | 18.75   |
| 4— 6 ft. (clumps)                | .63  | 37.50   |
| VIBURNUM cassinoides (Witherod)  |      |         |
| 4— 6 ft. (clumps)                | .90  | 65.00   |
| 6— 8 ft. (specimen)              | 5.00 |         |
| VIBURNUM dentatum (Arrowwood)    |      |         |
| 4— 6 ft                          | .75  | 50.00   |
| 6— 8 ft. (specimen)              | 4.00 |         |

# COLLECTED PINUS STROBUS

(White Pine)

We can quote you on collected White Pine from 2 to 20 ft. high upon request.

## HARDY FERNS

The ferns listed are dug in large Clumps with one to four clusters of fronds in a clump. They can be used for massing or planting separately, but give an especially fine effect planted with Rhododendron maximum or other evergreens. Any carload could contain 200 to 300 ferns without EXTRA CHARGE FOR TRANSPORTATION, as they could be packed between other plants, filling in vacant spaces.

|  | Per 100 | Per 1000 |
|--|---------|----------|
| ADIANTUM pedatum (American Maidenhair)                 | \$ 6.25 | \$ 50.00 |
| Dennstedia punctilobula (Hay-scented) Sq. ft. sod      | 12.50   | 112.50   |
| DRYOPTERIS marginalis (Marginal Shield)                | 6.25    | 50.00    |
| DRYOPTERIS spinulosa (Toothed Woodfern)                | 6.25    | 50.00    |
| ONOCLEA sensibilis (Sensitive)                         | 6.25    | 50.00    |
| Osmunda cinnamonea (Cinnamon)                          | 18.75   | 150.00   |
| OSMUNDA claytoniana (Interrupted)                      | 11.90   | 100.00   |
| POLYPODIUM vulgare (Common Polypoda)  Large mat or sod | 31.25   | 250.00   |
| Polystichum acrostichoides (Christmas)                 | 6.25    | 50.00    |
| PTERETIS nodulosa (Ostrich)                            | 15.00   | 125.00   |

# NATIVE WILD FLOWERS

This is not a complete list of all wild flowers native to this section but includes all plants that can be collected in large quantities.

No order accepted for quantities less than 50.

These can be packed between other trees and shrubs in a car or truck and would take no additional space.

|  | Per 100   |
|--|-----------|
| *AQUILEGIA canadensis (Columbine)                  | . \$ 6.20 |
| Arisaema triphyllum (Jack-in-the-Pulpit)           | . 6.20    |
| COPTIS trifolia (Gold Thread)                      | . 5.00    |
| *Cornus canadensis (Bunchberry)                    | . 7.00    |
| DENNSTEDIA diphylla (Crinkleroot)                  | . 6.20    |
| *DICENTRA cucullata (Dutchman's Breeches)          | . 62.0    |
| EPIGAEA repens (sods) (Trailing Arbutus)           | . 15.00   |
| *Gaultheria procumbens (Wintergreen) (sods)        | . 6.20    |
| *GERANIUM robertianum (Herb Robert)                | . 5.00    |
| HEMEROCALLIS fulva (Tawny Day Lily)                | . 1.50    |
| *Houstonia cærula (Bluets)                         | 4.00      |
| *Hydrophyllum virginiana (Virginia Waterleaf)      | . 6.20    |
| LINARIA vulgaris (Butter and Eggs)                 | . 3.00    |
| LYSIMACHIA nummularia (Moneywort) (sods)           | 4.00      |
| *MAIANTHEMUM canadensis (False Lily of the Valley) | . 2.00    |
| *MITCHELLA repens (Partridge Berry) (sods)         | . 6.20    |
| Monarda didyma (Oswego Tea)                        | . 7.00    |
| Muscari botryoides (Grape Hyacinth)                | . 3.00    |
| *Myosotis scorpoides (Forget-me-not) (sods)        | . 6.20    |
| ORNITHOGALUM umbellatum (Star of Bethlehem)        | . 3.00    |
| PODOPHYLLUM peltatum (Mandrake)                    | . 4.00    |
| *Podygala paucifolia (Fringed Polygala)            | . 6.20    |
| RANUNCULUS acris (Common Buttercup)                | . 3.00    |
| SAPONARIA officinalis (Bouncing Bet)               | . 3.00    |
| *SAXAFRAGA virginiensis (Early Saxafrage)          | . 4.00    |
| SOLIDAGO (Golden Rod) mixed varieties              | . 4.00    |
| *TIARELLA cordifolia (Foam Flower)                 | 4.00      |
| *Trientalis borealis (Star Flower)                 | . 2.00    |
| Trillium erectum (Wake Robin)                      | 5.00      |
| TRILLIUM undulatum (Painted Trillium)              | 5.00      |
| VINCA minor (Blue Myrtle) (sods)                   | . 8.00    |
| VIOLA sororia (Common Blue Violet)                 |           |
| WALDSTEINIA fragaroides (Barren Strawberry)        | . 3.00    |

<sup>\*</sup>Plants recommended for Rock Gardens.

## GROUND COVER SODS

These Ground Cover Sods are dug from three different exposures and designated accordingly. They are for use in naturalistic work and will accurately typify the ground cover of the exposure indicated by their name.

(You will not find all of the above named plants in these sods. This is simply to indicate the association.)

# WATER WORN STONES FOR GARDENS

These stones are a hard bluestone picked from the river bed of the Delaware and its tributaries. They are worn smooth by years of water action and have one flat surface.

Water worn stones, which have the appearance of great age, are ideal for use in gardens for walks or for the borders of pools.

Stones averaging:

These stones are irregular in shape and therefore cannot be scaled to the inch.

Write for prices on larger sizes.

Our water-worn stones used in garden steps on the estate of Paul Cravath, Locust Valley, N. Y. Morse and Morse, Landscape Contractors.



# HUMUS FOR PLANTING

Our humus is actually a natural leaf mold soil. It differs from other commercial soils in having a texture more like a forest leaf mold, than a peat. By scientific experiment it has been determined that our product contains a very high plant food value as well as high in acidity and moisture holding properties.

We will be glad to send you a sample on request.

#### PRICES ON HUMUS F. O. B. CALLICOON

| In bulk | <i></i> | 11.25 | per | ton |
|---------|---------|-------|-----|-----|
| Bagged  |         | 17.50 | per | ton |

### DIMENSION CHART FOR HEMLOCKS

We give below the average spread of our nursery grown Hemlocks.

| Height<br>of Tree | Naturalistic Type | Hedge Type        | Specimen Type     |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 2 to 3 ft.        | 24" to 34" Spread | 28" to 36" Spread | 34" to 42" Spread |
| 3 to 4 ft.        | 28" to 38" ""     | 32" to 42" "      | 42" to 46" "      |
| 4 to 5 ft.        | 36" to 42" ''     | 38" to 44" ''     | 48" to 54" "      |
| 5 to 6 ft.        | 42" to 50" "      | 44" to 52" "      | 52" to 56" "      |
| 6 to 7 ft.        | 46" to 54" "      | 46" to 56" "      | 56" to 66" "      |
| 7 to 8 ft.        | 46" to 56" "      | 46" to 56" "      | 56" to 70" ''     |

By the above chart one can order a *hedge* for immediate effect. No tree makes a better screen than the Hemlock.

## SHIPPING

BY RAILROAD: We are located on the main line of the Erie Railroad running from New York to Chicago.

Due to continuous changes in the tariff regulations it is impossible for us to list definite freight costs to cover any length of time. We can, however, give you the current freight rates to any point upon request.

BY TRUCK: The following are the trucking rates per mile. These rates only apply on the mileage one way, that is, from shipping point to destination:

| 5 | to | 8 | ton | truck | \$<br>.50 | per | mile |
|---|----|---|-----|-------|-----------|-----|------|
| 2 | to | 3 | ton | truck | <br>.35   | per | mile |

|                  | Mileage |                 | Mileage |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| Tarrytown        | . 100   | Glen Cove, L. I | 130     |
| White Plains     |         | Patchogue, L. I |         |
| Mamaroneck       | . 115   | Babylon, L. I   |         |
| Greenwich        | . 130   | Tuxedo, N. Y    |         |
| New York City    | . 125   | Paterson, N. J  |         |
| Huntington, L. I | . 130   | Elizabeth, N. J |         |
| Westbury, L. I   |         | Poughkeepsie    | 75      |

# PACKING SCHEDULE

Approximate number of plants packed in cars and trucks.

#### FREIGHT CAR

Rhododendron, Kalmia Azalea, Ilex, Viburnum cassinoides, Hamamelis, Vaccinium corymbosum, Lyonia

| 1         | 1'-2' | 2'-3' | 3'-4' | 4'-5' | 5'-6' | 2'-5'           |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|
|           | 450   | 350   | 300   | 250   | 200   | 300 Floor Space |
| $\langle$ | 750   | 550   | 500   |       |       | 500 Double Deck |
|           | 1050  | 750   |       |       |       | Triple Deck     |
| -         |       |       | 1250  | 850   | 550   | 900 Cordwooded  |

Pinus strobus, Tsuga canadensis

|        | 2      | 10 -1 | 8 - 10 | 6 -8 | 4 -6 | 2 -4 | 1 -2 |
|--------|--------|-------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| Space  | Floor  |       | 250    | 200  | 350  | 650  | 1100 |
| Deck   | Double |       |        |      |      | 1050 | 1850 |
| Deck   | Triple |       |        |      |      |      | 2450 |
| rooded | Cordw  | 100   | 600    | 550  | 1050 | 2450 |      |

Viburnum alnifolium, Viburnum acerfolium, Cornus circinata, Corylus americana, Comptonia asplenifolia, Spiræa

|   | 2'-4' | 4'-6' | 6'-8' | 8'-10' | 10'-12' | 12'-14'        |
|---|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|----------------|
|   | 1100  | 550   | 350   | 150    |         | Floor Space    |
| 4 | 1700  | 1100  | 650   |        |         | Double Deck    |
|   | 2450  |       |       |        |         | Triple Deck    |
|   | 4500  | 3500  | 1900  | 350    | 550     | 250 Cordwooded |

#### TRUCK

#### Schedule for Rhododendron and Kalmia

|                  | 2-3 ft. | 3-4 ft. | 4-5 ft. | 5-6 ft. | 2-4 ft. | 2-5 ft. |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 5 to 8 ton truck | 350     | 250     | 175     | 125     | 275     | 250     |
| 2 to 3 ton truck | 200     | 125     | 90      | 60      | 175     | 150     |

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### PLANTING:

Rhododendrons, Kalmia, Azaleas and Hemlock are easily grown if you follow a few very simple directions for planting. These are as follows:

(1) Plant in a soil with plenty of drainage. Break up heavy subsoil if it is near the surface.

(2) Never plant more than 1 inch deeper than they formerly grew.

(3) Use a large quantity of leaf mold or humus in the hole in direct contact with the roots.

(4) When covering leave a depression around the base of the plant instead of a mound of soil. This will carry surface water directly to the roots.

(5) Use a mulch of layers or sawdust on the surface around the

plant. This is particularly important in Fall planting.

(6) Use water frequently throughout the first year—preferably soft water.

(7) Rhododendron maximum should never be planted in a sunny location or where they are exposed to strong winds.

(8) Be sure your soil is acid. Do not plant in lime soil without special treatment.

#### PACKING:

The packing is done by experienced men. The floor of the car is first covered with a thick layer of moist sawdust. When decking is used the poles are covered with burlap and then with sphagnum moss. Sphagnum moss and burlap are also used around the doors to keep out the drying winds. The plants are packed tightly on the sawdust and moss and thoroughly drenched with water. Cordwooding or laying the plants down is done if the customer so desires. This is done with care and moss is used liberally between the layers.

Packing is done at cost for less than carload lots.

#### **BURLAPPING:**

There is an extra charge of 10 cents to 25 cents per plant for burlapping where it is not designated.

#### **CLAIMS:**

We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should injury befall stock from frost, hail, storms or other causes over which we have no control. We cannot be held responsible for delays and damage in transit.

Complaints of shipments must be made within three days after receipt of goods, otherwise it will be considered that there is no complaint or claim.

#### INSPECTION:

As we have nurseries in the State of Pennsylvania as well as New York, we hold inspection certificates from both states.

#### PRICES:

Prices are F. O. B. shipping point. There will be 6% interest charged on all unpaid accounts after 60 days.

# LOCATION OF NURSERIES

Callicoon is located in the upper valley of the Delaware River on the border of the States of New York and Pennsylvania and on the main line of the Erie Railroad.

Our office is on Bridge Street, Callicoon.

The Curtis Nurseries of over 200 acres are always open to inspection and only a few minutes drive from the village.

If you drive here from the New York area come via the new Delaware Valley highway at Port Jervis. This is the longest purely scenic highway in the State. Callicoon is at the end of this highway as completed to date.

